



REFINING

PRODUCT CATALOGUE – 2025





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ABOUT US

Limited Liability Company Gazprom neftekhim Salavat is Russia's major petrochemical complex situated in the Republic of Bashkortostan in the town of Salavat.

Set up in 1948 as Industrial Complex No. 18, in 2011, the Company was integrated into the Gazprom system. On October 1, 2016, the Company was reorganized in the form of transformation into LLC "Gazprom neftekhim Salavat".

In 2021, the General Meeting of the Company's Members made a resolution to transfer the sole executive body's powers (those of Gazprom neftekhim Salavat Director General) to another business entity (Management Company), namely Limited Liability Company RGD pererabotka Salavat.

Gazprom neftekhim Salavat is one of the leading companies of Gazprom Group in oil refining, petrochemistry and mineral fertilizers production.

Gazprom neftekhim Salavat comprises the Oil Refinery, Gas & Chemical Plant and the Monomer Plant.

The Company carries out a full cycle of crude hydrocarbons processing and produces more than 150 different products, over 50% of which are bulk products including motor gasoline, gasoil, fuel oil, road bitumen, polystyrene, low density polyethylene, ammonia, urea etc.

The Company takes one of the leading positions in the domestic production of a range of products including butyl alcohols, plasticizers and styrene.

The products are shipped to all federal subjects of the country. The geography of export covers more than 30 world countries.

REFINING

Gazprom neftekhim Salavat is reputable for being a responsible producer and a reliable supplier of goods of its own production.

High quality of oil refining and petrochemical products and mineral fertilizers is confirmed by certificates of conformity to ISO 9001 and ISO 14001, the international standards of quality and environmental safety.

The Oil Refinery of Gazprom neftekhim Salavat is the main link in the Company's production chain.

The Company is capable of processing up to 10 million tons of crude hydrocarbons annually.

The list of major processes of the Oil Refinery comprises:

- primary processing of oil and stable gas condensate;
- catalytic cracking;
- catalytic reforming;
- gasoline hydrotreatment;
- diesel fuel hydrotreatment;
- aromatics production;
- fuel oil and bitumen production;
- hydrogen production;
- isomerization;
- hydrotreatment and mild hydrocracking of vacuum gas oil;
- industrial (elemental) sulphur production.

In accordance with the stringent requirements to motor gasolines regarding the content of sulphur, benzene, aromatics and olefins, Gazprom neftekhim Salavat accelerates the upgrade aimed at improving the quality of gasoline and diesel fuel, independently monitors all fluctuations in the petrochemical market and follows new technical regulations.

The quality of the produced fuel conforms to the highest Euro 5 ecological class.



MOTOR GASOLINE

GOST 32523-2013, TR TS 013/2011

PRODUCTION

By catalytic cracking and reforming.

APPLICATIONS

As a fuel in engines designed to run on unleaded gasoline.

PROPERTIES

property	value	
	AI-92	AI-95
Octane Number, min RON/ MON	92 / 83	95 / 85
Lead, mg/dm ³ , max	negative	
Gum content (solvent washed), mg/100cm ³ , max	5	
Induction Period, minutes, min	360	
Benzene, vol %, max	1	
Sulphur, wt %, mg/kg, max	10	
Hydrocarbons, vol %, max		
– olefins	18	
– aromatics	35	
Oxygen, wt %, max	2.7	
Oxygenates, vol %, max		
– methyl alcohol	negative	
– ethyl alcohol	5	
– isopropyl alcohol	10	
– isobutanol	10	
– tert-Butyl alcohol	7	
– ethers containing 5 or more carbons in a molecule	15	
– other oxygenates (final boiling point: 210°C, max)	10	
Copper-plate test (3h @ 50°C)	Class 1	
Appearance	Bright/Clear	
Manganese, mg/dm ³ , max	negative	
Iron, mg/dm ³ , max	negative	
Monomethylaniline, vol %, max	negative	
Density @ 15°C, kg/m ³ , within	725.0–780.0	

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Narcotic effect. Flammable liquid.

TRANSPORT

Tank trucks & rail tank cars.



DIESEL FUEL EURO

GOST 32511-2013 (EN 590:2009), TR TS 013/2011
Amendment No. 1

PRODUCTION

By oil processing.

APPLICATIONS

As a fuel in internal combustion engines with ignition by compression.

PROPERTIES

property	value
Cetane Number, min	51.0
Cetane Index, min	46.0
Density @ 15°C, kg/m³	820.0 – 845.0
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, wt %, max	8.0
Sulphur, wt %, mg/kg, max	10.0
Flash Point, closed cup, °C, min	55
Coking of 10% distillation residue, wt %, max	0.3
Ash, wt %, max	0.01
Water, wt %, mg/kg, max	200
Total contamination, mg/kg, max	24
Corrosion, Copper–Plate Test (3 h @ 50°C), scale units	Class 1
Oxidation Stability:	
– total residue, g/m³, max	25
– hours, min	20
Lubricating property: wear scar diameter, corrected (wsd 1.4) @ 60°C, µm, max	460
Kinematic Viscosity @ 40 °C, mm²/sec	2.000 – 4.500
Distillation:	
– Recovered @ 250°C, vol %, max	65
– Recovered @ 350°C, vol %, min	85
– Distillation temperature of 95% vol, °C, max	360
Fatty acid methyl esters, vol %, max	7.0
Filtration Coefficient, °C, max:	
– Summer, Grade C	minus 5
– Summer, Grade D	minus 10
– Interseasonal, Grade E	minus 15
– Winter, Class 2	minus 32
– Winter, Class 3	minus 38
– Arctic, Class 4	minus 44

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Irritant to human mucosa and skin, causes their lesions and chronic diseases.
Flammable liquid.

TRANSPORT

Tank trucks & rail tank cars, pipelines.



VACUUM RESIDUE

STO 05766575-164-2017
Amendments No. 1, 2, 3, 4

PRODUCTION

By petroleum feedstock refining.

APPLICATIONS

For further processing.

PROPERTIES

Property	Value	
	Grade A	Grade B
Relative Viscosity @ 80°C 5 mm in diameter, s	41–70	71–100
Flash Point, Open Cup °C, min	210	210
Water, wt %, max	0.03	0.03
Density @ 20°C, g/cm³	25	25
Softening Point, ring & ball °C, min	0.980–1.010	0.980–1.010
Freezing Point, °C	Not specified, specification required	Not specified, specification required

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous, hazard class 4. Flammable substance.

TRANSPORT

Bitumen tank wagons, transit bitumen carriers and spraying machines.



ROAD BITUMEN

GOST 22245-90

Amendment No.1

PRODUCTION

By oxidation or compounding of straight distillation and selective separation products (deasphalted (SDA) residues, solvent extracts) or as straight distillation residue.

APPLICATIONS

As a cementing material in road and airfield pavement construction and repair.

PROPERTIES

property	value	
	BND 60/90	BND 90/130
Depth of needle penetration, 0.1 mm: @ 25°C @ 0°C, min	61–90 20	90–130 28
Softening Point, ring and ball, °C, min	47	43
Extensibility, cm, min: @ 25°C @ 0°C	55 3.5	65 4.0
Brittle Point, °C, max	minus 15	minus 17
Flash Point, °C, min	230	230
Softening Point change after heating, °C, max	5	5
Penetration Ratio	minus 1.0 to plus 1.0	minus 1.0 to plus 1.0

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Flammable substance.

TRANSPORT

Bitumen tank wagons, transit bitumen carriers and spraying machines.



ROAD BITUMEN

GOST 33133-2014

PRODUCTION

By oxidation or compounding of straight distillation and selective separation products (deasphalted (SDA) residues, solvent extracts) or as straight distillation residue.

APPLICATIONS

As a cementing material in construction and repair of road surfaces and beds as well as a production basis for modified bitumens and bitumen emulsions.

PROPERTIES

property	value		
	BND 50/70	BND 70/100	BND 100/130
Depth of needle penetration, 0.1 mm: @ 25°C, within @ 0°C, min	51–70 18	71–100 21	101–130 30
Softening Point, ring and ball, °C, min	51	47	45
Extensibility, cm, min: @ 25°C @ 0°C	60 3.5	62 3.7	70 4.0
Brittle Point, °C, max	minus 16	minus 18	minus 20
Flash Point, °C, min	230	230	230
Mass change after aging, %, max	0.6	0.6	0.7
Softening Point change after aging, °C, max	7	7	7
Brittle Point after aging, °C, max	minus 13	minus 15	minus 17
Solubility, %, min	99.0	99.0	99.0
Paraffin wax, %, max	3.0	3.0	3.0
Penetration Ratio	minus 1.0 to plus 1.0	minus 1.0 to plus 1.0	minus 1.0 to plus 1.0

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Flammable substance.

TRANSPORT

Bitumen tank wagons, transit bitumen carriers and spraying machines.



FUEL OIL (MAZUT) M-100

GOST 10585-2013, TR TS 013/2011

Amendments No. 1, 2

PRODUCTION

By processing of primary and secondary distillation products and natural gas condensate.

APPLICATIONS

As a fuel for vehicles, stationary boiler plants and process units.

PROPERTIES

property	value
Kinematic Viscosity @ 100°C, mm²/sec, max	50.00
Relative Viscosity @100°C, Engler degree, max	6.80
Ash, %, max, for mazut	
– low-ash	0.05
– ashy	0.14
Mechanical impurities, wt %, max	1.0
Water, wt %, max	1.0
Water-soluble acids & alkali	negative
Sulphur, wt %, max	
	0.50
	1.00
	1.50
	2.00
	2.50
	3.00
	3.50
Hydrogen Sulphide, ppm (mg/kg), max	10
Flash Point, open cup, °C, min	110
Pour Point, °C, max	25
Lower (net) Heat Value, as dry fuel, kJ/kg, min, for mazut with sulphur, %	
0.50, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00	40530
2.50, 3.00, 3.50	39900
Density @ 15°C, kg/m³	Not specified, specification required
Recovered up to 350°C, vol %, max	17

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Flammable liquid.

TRANSPORT

Rail tank cars.



GAS CONDENSATE DISTILLATE

STO 05766575-111-2010

Amendments No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

PRODUCTION

By processing of gas condensate

APPLICATIONS

For industrial use

PROPERTIES

property	value	
	Grade A	Grade B
Density @ 15°C, kg/m³, max	650 – 749	Not specified, specification required
Density @ 20°C, kg/m³, max	650 – 749	Not specified, specification required
Saturated Vapor Pressure, psi (Pa), max	12.5 (66661)	2.9 (20000)
Sulphur, max:		
Type I, wt % (ppm)	0.05 (500)	0.001 (10)
Type II, wt % (ppm)	0.08 (800)	–
Mercaptan Sulphur, max:		
Type I, wt % (ppm)	0.02 (200)	0.02 (200)
Type II, wt % (ppm)	0.04 (400)	0.04 (400)
Distillation:		
– Initial boiling point, °C, min	30	90
– Final boiling point, °C, max	195	230
– Distillation temperature of 90% vol, °C	Not specified, specification required	
Paraffins, vol %, min	60	–
Aromatics, max		
vol %	16	–
wt %	–	Not specified, specification required
Unsaturated hydrocarbons (olefins), wt %, max	1.0	2.0
Oxygen-containing additives (Oxygenates), max, ppm	50	–
Mechanical impurities & water	negative	negative
Appearance	Bright / Clear	Bright / Clear

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Grade A: marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Grade B: moderately hazardous substance, hazard class 3. Narcotic effect. Highly inflammable liquid.

TRANSPORT

Rail tank cars.

INDUSTRIAL SULPHUR BLOCK

GOST 127.1-93

PRODUCTION

In treatment of natural gas, coker gas or waste gases of oil and shale processing.

APPLICATIONS

For production of sulphuric acid, carbon sulfide, dyes, in pulp-and-paper, textile and other industries.

PROPERTIES

property	value				
	grade 9998	grade 9995	grade 9990	grade 9950	grade 9920
Sulphur, wt %, min	99.98	99.95	99.90	99.50	99.20
Ash, wt %, max	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.2	0.4
Organic substances, wt %, max	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.25	0.5
Acids, as sulphuric acid, wt %, max	0.0015	0.003	0.004	0.01	0.02
Arsenic, wt %, max	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000	0.03
Selenium, wt %, max	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.04
Water, wt %, max	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.0
Mechanical impurities (paper, wood, sand, etc.)	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Causes eye and upper respiratory tract mucosa inflammation, skin irritation, gastrointestinal diseases. Flammable. Explosive dust.

TRANSPORT

In bulk, bottom door gondola wagons.

INDUSTRIAL SULPHUR

GOST R 56249-20140

PRODUCTION

In treatment of natural gas, from gas condensate and oil and gas condensate fields and hydrogen sulphide-containing gases from oil refineries, as well as exhaust gases from oil and oil shale processing.

APPLICATIONS

For production of sulphur acid, carbon sulfide, dyes in pulp-and-paper, textile, tire, industrial-rubber and other industries, as well as in construction and agriculture.

PROPERTIES

Industrial Sulphur liquid

Property	Prime Grade	First Grade
Appearance	The liquid of brown colour. No mechanical impurities (paper, wood, sand, etc.) shall be present.	
Sulphur, wt %, min	99.99	99.98
Ash, wt %, max	0.008	0.010
Organic substances, wt %, max	0.004	0.008
Acid as sulphuric acid, wt %, max	0.0010	0.0015

Industrial Sulphur block

Property	Prime Grade	First Grade	Second Grade
Appearance	Yellow, different sizes and shapes. No mechanical impurities (paper, wood, sand, etc.) shall be present.		
Sulphur, wt %, min	99.98	99.92	99.20
Ash, wt %, max	0.009	0.050	0.300
Organic substances,wt %, max	0.004	0.20	0.450
Acid as sulphuric acid, wt %, max	0.001	0.010	0.20
Water, wt %, max	0.5	1.0	3.0

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Causes eye and upper respiratory tract mucosa inflammation, skin irritation, gastrointestinal diseases. Flammable. Explosive dust.

TRANSPORT

In bulk, bottom door gondola wagons.



HEAVY GASOIL

STO 05766575-158-2017
Amendments No. 1, 2

PRODUCTION

From petrochemical products and gas condensate at catalytic cracking units.

APPLICATIONS

As feedstock for carbon black production, as a component of furnace and bunker fuel oils, for other purposes.

PROPERTIES

property	value	
	First Grade	Second Grade
Distillation:		
– Initial boiling point, °C, min	270	–
– 50% recovered at, °C, max	450	–
Sulphur, wt %, max	0.5	4.5
Mechanical impurities, wt %, max	0.01	0.1
Ash, wt %, max	–	0.1
Kinematic viscosity:		
– at 40°C, mm ² /sec, max	50.0	–
– at 80°C, mm ² /sec, max	–	35.0
– at 100°C, mm ² /sec, max	–	15.0
Flash point, open cup, °C, min	110	110
Flash point, closed cup, °C, min	75	75
Density at 15°C, kg/m ³ , max	980	1000

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Heavy gasoil is marginally hazardous, hazard class 4. Irritant to mucosa and skin.
Flammable substance.

TRANSPORT

Rail tank cars.



AVT OIL FUEL

STO 05766575-144-2014
Amendments No. 1, 2, 3

PRODUCTION

From petrochemical products and gas condensate

APPLICATION

For processing at catalytic cracking and hydrocracking units or in other secondary specific processing, as well as a boiler fuel.

PROPERTIES

property	value		
	Type I	Type II	Type III
Density @ 15°C, kg/m³, within	873.4 – 953.3		
Density @ 20°C, kg/m³	Not specified, specification required		
Kinematic Viscosity @ 50°C, mm²/sec, max	80.0	100.0	120.0
Kinematic Viscosity @ 100°C, mm²/sec	Not specified, specification required		
Sulphur, wt %, max	3.0		
Freezing Point, °C, min	12		
Flash Point, closed cup, °C, min	90		
Coking, %, max	0.5	0.6	0.8
Vanadium, wt %, max	0.0005		
Recovered up to 350°C, vol %	Not specified, specification required		

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Flammable liquid.

TRANSPORT

Rail tank cars.



BUTANE–BUTYLENE FRACTION

TU 19.20.32-199-05766575-2020
Amendments No. 1, 2

PRODUCTION

By oil refining and gas condensate processing.

APPLICATIONS

For industrial use

PROPERTIES

property	value
C ₃ hydrocarbons, wt %, max	1.1
incl.:	
propane	0.70
propylene	0.4
C ₄ hydrocarbons, wt %, min	97.9
incl.:	
n–butane, max	14.0
butadienes, max	0.5
Hydrogen sulphide and mercaptan sulphur, wt %, max	0.0008
Hydrocarbons C ₅ plus, wt %, max	1.0
Free water and alkali	Positive

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Butane–butylene fraction is a liquified gas. Marginally hazardous, hazard class 4. Has a narcotic effect, in case of contact with skin can cause freeze burns. Highly flammable, fire and explosion hazardous.

TRANSPORT

Rail tank cars and pipelines.



ISOPENTANE FRACTION

TU 0272-028- 00151638-99
Amendment No. 1-16

PRODUCTION:

On central gas-fractionation units (CGFU), gas-fractionation units (GFU), isomerisation units at gas, oil refineries and petrochemical plants.

APPLICATIONS:

As feedstock in synthetic rubber production and high-octane component of motor and aviation fuel.

PROPERTIES:

Property	Value	
	Grade A	Grade B
C ₂ –C ₄ paraffins sum wt, %, max:	1.5	6.0
– isopentane, wt %, min	97.5	80.0
– pentane, wt %, max	2.5	18.0
– cyclopentane plus C ₆ sum, wt %, max	0.3	1.0
– C ₄ – C ₅ olefins sum wt %, max	0.5	1.0
Sulphur, wt %, max	0.003	0.01
or		
Sulphur, wt %, mg/kg, max	30	100
Alkali content	Negative	
Free water and mechanical impurities content	Negative	
Octane number MON, min	81	
Saturated Vapor Pressure, kPA (mm Hg), max		
– summer (from April 01 to October 01)	223 (1700)	
– winter (from October 01 to April 01)	302 (2300)	
Density @ 20oC, kg/m ³	Not specified, specification required	

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS:

Marginally hazardous substance, hazard class 4. Causes narcotic effect, irritant to skin, eyes, and respiratory tract mucosa. Highly flammable liquid.

TRANSPORT:

Pipelines, railway, trucks.



PROPANE–PROPYLENE FRACTION

TU 19.20.32-238-05766575-2021

PRODUCTION

By oil refining and gas condensate processing.

APPLICATIONS

For industrial use.

PROPERTIES

property	value
C ₂ hydrocarbons sum, wt %, max	0.09
Propane, wt %, max	30.00
Propylene, wt %, min	65.00
C ₄ hydrocarbons sum, wt %, max	1.00
C ₅ plus hydrocarbons sum, wt %	Negative
Hydrogen sulphide and mercaptan sulphur, wt %, max	0.002
Free water and alkali	Not specified
Density, kg/m ³ : – at 15°C – at 20°C	Not specified Not specified

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Propane–propylene fraction is a liquified gas. Marginally hazardous, hazard class 4. Has a narcotic effect, in case of contact with skin can cause freeze burns.
Highly flammable, fire and explosion hazardous.

TRANSPORT

Rail tank cars and pipelines.



CONTACTS

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